

The Midsomer Norton Schools Partnership Midsomer Norton Primary School Pupil Premium Report 2019-20

September 2019

Pupil Premium strategy statement

1. Summary information					
School	Midsomer No	orton Primary School			
Academic Year	2019-2020	Total PP budget	£104148	Date of most recent PP Review	October 2019
Total number of pupils	258	Number of pupils eligible for PP	67	Date for next internal review of this strategy	September 2020

2. Current attainment						
	Sch	Nat other pupils		Sch	Nat Other	
% achieving in reading, writing and maths	27		% Achieving a Good level of development in Early Years	5 0	70	
KS2 Attainment in Reading	27	73	Key Stage 1 attainment measure in reading	7 0	75	
KS2 Attainment in writing	55	78	Key Stage 1 attainment measure in reading	4 0	69	
KS2 Attainment in maths	45		Key Stage 1 attainment measure in mathematics	8 0	76	

3. Ba	arriers to future attainment (for pupils eligible for PP, including high ability)	
In-scl	hool barriers (issues to be addressed in school, such as poor oral language skills)	
A.	Children starting school with identified/unidentified special educational needs	
В.	Children with poor emotional and social development	
C.	Children with gaps in their phonic knowledge	
Exterr	nal barriers (issues which also require action outside school, such as low attendance rates)	
D.	Children with poor attendance and punctuality	
E.	Children who are hungry and do not have the correct school uniform	
4. D	esired outcomes	
	Desired outcomes and how they will be measured	Success criteria/Evidence
A.	Children make expected or better progress so that their attainment is in line with children from similar starting points.	Children make measurable and quantifiable progress in reading, writing and maths across the year based on summative tests.
В.	Attainment in maths, reading and writing of PP children is close to or better than national levels.	The gap between PP children and non PP children is diminished as a result of accelerated progress. PP children achieve well in literacy skills.
C.	PP pupils develop greater self-awareness of their emotional well-being and how this impacts on how well they learn. As a result, PP pupils develop greater resilience and an ability to overcome difficulties.	Children make progress in their social development as measured using self-assessments. This impacts on their attitudes towards academic challenges.
D.	PP pupils are in school every day and on time ready to learn.	PP attendance is at least 97%.
E.	PP are well-fed and dressed appropriately leading to children who have higher self-esteem and are more resilient.	Children's concentration and behaviour in lessons improves. Number of incidents of negative behaviour choices decreases

5. Planned expenditure

Academic year 2019-20

The three headings below enable schools to demonstrate how they are using the pupil premium to improve classroom pedagogy, provide targeted support and support whole school strategies.

i. Quality of teaching

Desired outcome	Chosen action / approach	What is the evidence and rationale for this choice? (Reference to EEF research and effect size)	Success Criteria	Staff lead	Cost/ When will you review implementation?
Focused support allows children to overcome gaps in their maths learning.	Small group work for		100% of children at least meet age-related expectations.	MR/AR	£19,653
Focused support allows children to overcome gaps in their reading fluency			100% of children at least meet age-related expectations.	KD/AR	€14172
Focused support allows children to overcome gaps in their reading comprehension	work for identified PP children. Focusing on comprehension. Teacher led booster groups		100% of children at least meet age-related expectations.	KD/AR	£11,525
Ensure that PP children make strong progress in phonics .	Small group work for	Phonics approaches have been consistently found	100% of PP children passed the Year 1 Phonic Screening Check.	KD/AR	£1449
Identified PP children with SEN needs achieve well.	interventions, both in and outside of class, to ensure PP pupils keep up in lessons.	effective, delivering approximately five additional months' progress on average. (EFF)	At the end of each Key Stage, PP children meet age-related expectations in reading, writing and maths.	SB	£6137
Ensure that PP children make strong progress in recall of maths/ spelling.	Times table rockstars, ipad	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	100% of children achieve age-related expectations in summative tests.	MR/KD	£1875

Ensure that PP children make	SIMS assessment	Studies consistently find that digital technology is	Levels of engagement are high.	AR	£7000
strong progress in all areas of	Literacy Shed	associated with moderate learning gains: on	Children's understanding of the world,		
the curriculum.	Testbase	average, an additional four months' progress.	vocabulary and abstract/challenging		
	Microsoft licenses	Evidence suggests that technology approaches	concepts improves.		
	Odissi	should be used to supplement other teaching,			
	SNAP science	rather than replace more traditional approaches.			
	Purple Mash	(EEF)			
Ensure that accurate, effective	Use of supplementary	Such access arrangements are used in KS2 SATS to	All children are able to demonstrate their	AR/SB	£1500
assessment of the progress of	assessment materials.	ensure that outcomes are a true reflection of the	progress in assessments. Teachers use the		
PP children leads to timely	Small groups for assessments	child's attainment and that barriers such as speed	assessment to plan for accelerated		
identification and closing of	and use of access	of writing or ability to decode text do not prevent	progress.		
gaps	arrangements e.g. readers	the children from demonstrating their attainment.			
Total budgeted cost					£63,311

Desired outcome	Chosen action/approach	What is the evidence and rationale for this choice?	Success Criteria	Staff lead	When will you review implementation?
PP children with SEND needs receive appropriate support.	Assessments completed and reports shared with parents and other agencies to support EHCPs. Assessments/reviews completed	Overall, the evidence suggests that early years and pre-school interventions have a positive impact, delivering an average of around five additional months' progress. (EFF) Assessments and reports identify strengths and weaknesses and how these can be addressed	Outside agencies assess identified children and targets are implemented. Parents are aware of the school's concerns and reports are available to support progress. Assessments contribute to EHCP Annual Reviews to allow on-going support for children with complex needs.	SB	£11716
PP children with identified Speech and Language needs are supported.	for identified children. 1:1 work and small groups. Assessments completed and reports written to support EHCP process and identification of	Overall, studies of oral language interventions consistently show positive impact on learning, including on oral language skills and reading comprehension. On average, pupils who participate in oral language interventions make approximately five months' additional progress over the course of a year. (EFF)	Identified children make good progress from their starting points. Interventions support progress. Assessments (twice a year) show an increase in percentile rankings.	SB	£7500
PP pupils develop greater self awareness of their emotional wellbeing and how this impacts on how well they learn. As a result PP pupils develop greater resilience and an ability to overcome difficulties.	receives appropriate training and is timetabled as learning mentor 12 hrs a week	all pupils benefit on average" and this can be up to	to identify their underlying emotional needs. Based on this, we will then be able to select from a range of practical strategies and activities that we can use to help Them either with the learning mentor or in class/ at play etc	SB	£7321

needs are well supported to	mentor engaged to work with children 1-1.	interventions can produce moderate improvements	Behaviour of children has improved. Instances of poor behaviour have greatly reduced.		£3420
	Regular meeting with EWO to identify those PP children at risk of poor attendance.	Research indicates that attendance improves when schools have a clear policy and procedures which allow for quick intervention with families. In 'Supporting the attainment of disadvantaged pupils; Articulating success and good practice' the authors discuss the importance of robust attendance data tracking and monitoring systems in schools, to address attendance issues. This allows patterns of absence to be scrutinised and then targeted interventions to be put in place. It also allows schools to monitor the effectiveness of any interventions they are putting in place to improve attendance and readjust as necessary. This is far more effective than general approaches to improving attendance. The evidence indicates that, on average, pupils make two additional months' progress per year from extended school time and in particular through the targeted use of before and after school programmes.			£1000
			Total be	udgeted cost	£30,957

iii. Other approaches						
Desired outcome	Chosen action/approach	What is the evidence and rationale for this choice?	Success Criteria	Staff lead	When will you review implementation?	
all educational and residential	Parents are made aware of the ability to use PP to reduce the cost of residential and educational visits.	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		AR	£1370	
PP children are able to access a broad range of extra curricula activities.	Financial assistance for extra curricula activities	Evidence from the last twelve months indicates that participation in extra curricula activities leads to a boost to confidence, social skills and self-esteem, and broadens children's range of experiences and vocabulary.	All PP children attend at least one club. Participation in inter school events – sports/ speech/ poetry competitions etc is high	AR	£1000	
PP children do not feel any stigma due to parents/ carers difficulties in providing school uniform.	Financial assistance for school uniform.	There is little or no evidence that the introduction of school uniform has no impact on attainment; however, anecdotally we see that children without uniform have lower self-esteem than their peers. There is some evidence that free school uniforms improve attendance in areas of very high poverty, however this does not appear to be true in all cases (EEF)	All children have the correct school uniform. PP children do not feel self-conscious due to being dressed differently to their peers.	AR	£2010	
PP children are particularly likely to come from households suffering from stress due to financial circumstances. This can led to hunger, tiredness and emotional vulnerability.	Provide attendance at Breakfast Club/ After School Care	Evidence from the last twelve months indicates that attendance at Breakfast Club/ After School Care improves attendance and reduces the number of instances of poor behaviour linked to stress at home. Parents are better able to manage the challenge of juggling child care and work commitments leading to calmer, more stable home environments.	PP children who attend Breakfast Club/ After School Care are fed and have the energy to learn. The calm environment and patience of staff helps child and family by removing one cause of stress. Personal, social and emotional development is promoted.	AR	£5000	

PP children are at a greater risk of suffering from low-self esteem Forest School active help build independence and result and a healthy attite towards risk taking	lent, indicates that participation in extra curricula activities leads to a boost to confidence, social skills and self-esteem, and broadens children's	Surveys of children show an improvement in self-esteem. Teachers observe greater confidence in class.	СМ	£500
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Total budgeted cost £9,880

Previous Academic Yea	ar	2018/19		
i. Quality of teaching	for all			
Desired outcome	Chosen action/approach	Estimated impact: Did you meet the success criteria? Include impact on pupils not eligible for PP, if appropriate.	Lessons learned (and whether you will continue with this approach)	Cost
nternalise language structures.	Talk for writing training & resources Broaden children's internal library of vocabulary, sentence structure and text composition Children make 3.3+ tracking points progress in writing	EYFS Communication & Language-83% EYFS – Writing 50% (76% for cohort as a whole) PP not SEN p: Writing: 87.5%, SPAG – 86% (GD 57%) KS2 Writing PP Non-SEND 86% (all pupil 80%) –moderated externally	KS1 writing – CPD for EYFS and KS1 staff in developing early writing. Audit of the impact of T4W on early writing. Clear intent for writing and progression from reception to be developed for Sept 2019 (EYFS Lead, Lit lead, Curriculum Lead) More consistency in teaching of phonics and impact on spelling	£450
reading check	Quality Phonics teaching across Infants –progressive from nursery Catch up phonics for those with gaps	Yr 1-100% PP non SEN met phonics at Y1 Yr 1 PP including SEND 33%passed screen (all SEND ch. had high levels of speech and language and communication SEN need) and Y2 retakes PP non SEN 100%	CPD for whole school on phonics Investment in new resources including phonic reading books and training for a consistent approach to teaching systematic phonics across Infants including nursery. Phonic teaching in KS2 to continue for some children alongside spelling	£750
ii. Targeted support				•
Desired outcome	Chosen action/approach	Estimated impact: Did you meet the success criteria? Include impact on pupils not eligible for PP, if appropriate.	Lessons learned (and whether you will continue with this approach)	Cost

	Learning Mentor Early identification and support for pastoral and behavioural issues	14 (PP) pupils worked regularly (some weekly) with Learning Mentor. All self-evaluation scores improved over the year for these pupils with an average improvement of 2 points. (7 point scale) Children could access support as and when needed depending on current circumstances (eg daily check ins) Behaviour and attitudes to learning improved –better focus in class, strategies discussed with class teacher. Regular liaison between LM and School Nurse	Approach successful-continue with more training CPD for Learning Mentor Drawing & Talking training (Virtual School)	£6,465
EYFS. Vocabulary gap is closed for PP pupils in particular. Oral language skills are low on entry and particularly for pupils eligible for PP than for other pupils. This slows reading/writing progress in	Speech & Language therapist visits weekly. TA support to deliver SALT targets Makaton training available for staff and taken up in nursery EYFS SALT training for staff Vocab gap training for all teaching staff	EYFS Communication & Language -83% S&L Therapist -works with 9 pupils across school 5 are PP-all noticeably making progress in language (Assess, Plan Do Review)	Develop vocabulary and language in the curriculum- invest in Vocab Ninja resources, Closing Vocab Gap training-DHT May 2020	£7,500
	Target pupils for specific literacy catch-up and new programmes of numeracy catch-up	, ,	Continue with this including passport club for KS1 & KS2-	£25,068
PP have access to educational software and practice software that they may not be able to access at home e.g using a laptop for written work, using the internet for homework research at lunchtimes for wider curriculum	ICT hardware & Educational software & licences Ensure that educational software is available for all children. Times table Rock stars/ Nessy	Computers available at lunchtimes/ during after school club/ breakfast for homework. Clicker 6 available for children to write (different approach) 100% of PP pupils have access to ICT software	Look into software to support wider curriculum PHCE software-Jigsaw to support curriculum and SEMH interventions Consider subsidising music lessons for PP pupils so they can extend curriculum interests	£7,000

		Children are engaging with homework and parents have reiterated this at parents evening	Ensure opportunities to explore the wider curriculum especially science and the arts e.g. Science software, performance opportunities, cultural capital trips for PP pupils	
Pupils, especially disadvantaged pupils are supported to access test materials. Pupils eligible for PP may have specific gaps in learning due to absence/lack of practice /support at home.	KS2 -Support for PP pupils during assessment tasks	TAs support children in small groups to ensure that the format of the assessments are not a barrier to demonstrating their attainment. e.g. readers for maths assessments, scribes, prompts	Continue to provide this for assessment periods including KS2 SATs	£775
Ensure that pupils who are disadvantage receives support where necessary to enable them to keep up and catch up in lessons and in interventions Due to disadvantage Pupils eligible for PP may have gaps in foundation maths and writing skills		Whole school data 208/2019- Progress for PP (non-SEND) Maths 4.7 points, Writing 3.1 points, Reading 4.1 points (average 3 points)	Writing in Infants and LKS2 –audit of strengths and areas for development. Review of T4W approach Progression from EYFS to Yr. 6-expectations clear	£6,000
Disadvantaged pupils with SEMH needs, EAL and SEND needs are supported o succeed, keep up and catch up access the curriculum	External additional needs & behaviour support & SEND Network Early identification and support for pupils with SEMH needs and difficulties arising from SEND	Learning Mentor Support from BAPP for PP pupil-ensured continued engagement of parent Mentoring Plus support for pupil-noticeable improvement in behaviour and engagement Numerous SEN assessments for disadvantaged including Ed pysch assessments for dyslexia & diagnosis meant that learning needs were identified and provision put in place in class/interventions.	Support pupils in school with school learning mentor-invest in training for LM and all staff	£4,500
Close gaps for PP in basic number skills Close gaps in basic sentence building and spelling HFW) Due to disadvantage Pupils eligible for PP often have gaps in foundation maths and writing skills	Rapid Maths/Rapid Writing/Number Box with TA Identify and close gaps in learning	Early years 80% PP pupil (non-SEND) in Number and S,P&M KS1 Maths PP non-SEND met standard 100% KS2 SATs Maths P P non-SEND 75% met standard Whole school progress in Maths(PP non- SEND) 3.8 points (average 3 points)	Interventions most successful and applied more successfully when focused around pre-teach, catch up and consolidation of recent learning. Precision teaching methods for specific children to be introduced.	£4,750

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		Writing yr 3& 4(rapid writing group) PP Non SEND average points progress 3 points		
PP pupils with spelling needs (including SEND) practice daily-early morning time as well as spelling lesson. Some pupils unable to access programme at home. Pupils eligible for PP often have lower spelling scores due to fewer opportunities to practice spelling and less access to a wide range of reading books.	Nessy Software licence Provide regular practice/ consolidation and assessment of spelling	KS2 PP not SEN p: Writing: 87.5%, SPAG – 86% (GD 57%) Dyslexic pupils (PP) particularly benefitted in KS2	Application of spelling still a concern-some pupils needs continuing phonic intervention, application practice	£722
All PP pupils read with an adult daily. Pupils eligible for PP often have fewer opportunities to read with an adult. 1-1 Reading with an adult (SMSA) Regular daily reading to boost fluency, confidence and comprehension. PP pupils to make 3.5 + points progress	Train & employ SMSAs to read with 1-1 with pupils	Early years: PP pupils(not SEND) 80% met reading ELG (4 out of 5 pupils) KS1-Pupil Premium not SEN (5 children): Reading 80% met standard in KS1 Yr 1 PP (non SEND) 100% met standard in phonics . KS2- PP(non-SEND) 50% met standard PP pupils non-SEND (whole school) made 4.1 points progress in reading over year (average 3 points)	Funding was used to target infants' readers. KS2 targeted guided reading — Other strategies needed—improve whole class guided reading (observations of colleagues) promote home reading & home/school partnerships, incentives for reading at home independently and with an adult, , checking reading books/records daily, promote a culture of reading-booklists, recommended reads, class reads etc. Phonics interventions for those who are not yet fluent.	£5,000
Pupils eligible for PP often have fewer opportunities to ead with an adult. 1-2 Reading with an adult (TA) Regular daily reading to poost fluency, confidence and comprehension. PP pupils to make 3.5 + points progress	1-1 Daily Reading with TA	Early years: PP pupils(not SEND) 80% met reading ELG (4 out of 5 pupils) KS1-Pupil Premium not SEN (5 children): Reading 80% met standard in KS1 Yr 1 PP (non SEND) 100% met standard in phonics . KS2- PP(non-SEND) 50% met standard PP pupils non-SEND (whole school) made 4.1 points progress in reading over year (average 3 points)	KS2 targeted guided reading — Other strategies needed—improve whole class guided reading (observations of colleagues) promote home reading & home/school partnerships, incentives for reading at home independently and with an adult, , checking reading books/records daily, promote a culture of reading-booklists, recommended reads, class reads etc. Phonics interventions for those who are not yet fluent.	£8 000

Desired outcome	Chosen action/approach	Estimated impact: Did you meet the success criteria? Include impact on pupils not eligible for PP, if appropriate.	Lessons learned (and whether you will continue with this approach)	Cost
encouraged to improve attendance and be on time or school Pupils eligible for PP who are not able to have a nealthy breakfast and established routines find it	Provide a good start to school day through attendance at Breakfast Club/ ASC –healthy breakfast and help with attendance and lateness Support for vulnerable families-places available when needed	Provide a healthy breakfast and pastoral support to enable children to concentrate on learning in school. Attendance and punctuality improved for one family. Another family breakfast is provided daily-learning and behaviour has improved. Family able to stay at our school due to ASC place. Vulnerable family-child a registered young carer takes up place at BC/ASC when needed to support family	Continue to provide this service for families Enable pupils to do homework at ASC- laptops available	£4,000
Provide Forest School Dutdoor experiences for all children-particularly PP pupils Pupils eligible for PP often have low self-esteem eading to a lack of confidence. Lack of outdoor space at home or access to days outside, walks with family due to families circumstances.		Boost confidence, resilience and team working skills. Have access to outdoor space, fresh air.	Positive intervention Ongoing budget for resources Opportunities for smaller group work further afield-PP specific trip	£500
Laptop available at BC & ASC for homework and bractice. Pupils eligible for PP often have less access to ICT at home leading to less access to the curriculum.		Ensure access to ICT to support learning across the curriculum Timetables' rocks stars in Y4 Nessy Research projects for homework	Continue to have laptops available for this. Extend capacity for more pupils.	£1,000
designed to enhance the	Financial assistance for trips-25% of cost of trips-publicised in newsletter	Ensure equal access to the broader curriculum through class trips and residential trips No children PP children were unable to attend school trips due to cost.	Continue to enable all PP pupils tom participate fully in wider curriculum	

All pupils and especially PP pupils have access to high quality after school clubs including sports clubs, the arts etc. Pupils eligible for PP are often not able to access activities designed to enhance the curriculum and have lower self-esteem.	Financial assistance for After School Clubs	Ensure equal access to the broader curriculum Participation in clubs in line with rest of school Priority given to PP pupils for clubs One free paid club available to PP pupils Encouragement to take clubs up through letters and publicising PP support	Continue to enable all PP pupils tom participate fully in wider curriculum	£500
their appearance.	Financial assistance for uniform Ensure self-esteem is not adversely affected by uniform requirements	Included costumes for school shows/ nativities. All children participated including PP. Noticeable boost to confidence and self-esteem for disadvantaged children in particular.	Continue to support families with uniforms etc- promote through newsletter , website,	£750