Pink is the breadth of study for each year group

# Purpose:

A high-quality history education, where key events and concepts are taught in chronological order, will help pupils gain a coherent knowledge and understanding of Britain's past and that of the wider world. It should inspire pupils' curiosity to know more about the past. Pupils will learn to ask perceptive questions, think critically, weigh evidence, sift arguments, and develop perspective and judgement. History helps pupils to understand the complexity of people's lives, the process of change, the diversity of societies and relationships between different groups, as well as their own identity and the challenges of their time.

With each theme comes the opportunity to look at changes within the locality of the school: immediate community and wider such as Bath and Bristol. Part of the History curriculum works closely alongside Geography e.g. Slavery (Bristol) and Fairtrade. Bath (locality study) and The Romans. Changes in local area: Mining History.

Opportunities	ĸ	S1			KS2	
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Breadth of Study	The Big Dig/ Dinosaurs and Mary Anning Inspire pupils' curiosity to know more about the past Memory Box: Label objects and events with past, present, older and newer, understand periods of time, years and decades Significant people and places in their own locality- Mining in Radstock (or- Local History changes over time.	Know where the people and events they study fit within a <i>chronological</i> framework <u>Great Fire of London</u> events beyond living memory that are <i>significant</i> nationally or globally [for example, the Great Fire of London, Use dates, in a variety of forms, to label events on a <i>timeline</i> . <u>Significant Victorians.</u> Significant Victorians. Significant individuals , Brunel, Florence Nightingale, Mary Anning, Humphry Davy, Sarah Forbes Bennetta	Ancient Egyptians the achievements of the earliest <i>civilizations</i> – an overview of where and when the first civilizations appeared, depth study. Stone Age to Iron Age Changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age Place events, <i>artefacts</i> and historical figures on a timeline including dates. Use dates and terms to describe events.	Ancient Greece Achievements and their influence on the western world.	Anglo Saxons/Vikings The Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the <i>Kingdom</i> of England to the time of Edward the Confessor Britain's <i>settlement</i> by Anglo- Saxons and Scots <u>Monarchy</u> A study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066 the changing power of monarchs using case studies such as Elizabeth I and Elizabeth II or Anne and Victoria. <u>A depth study of a Non- European</u> <i>country</i> - that provides contrasts with British history <u>Mayan Civilisation</u> .	Local history study, a study over time tracing how several aspects of national history are reflected in the locality Georgian Bath and Bristol A study of an aspect of history or site dating from a period beyond 1066 that is significant in the locality WWII children: A study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066 Use dates and terms accurately in describing events.
Knowled ge and	Place events and artefacts in order on a timeline.	Know about the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed	Know and understand the history of these islands as a coherent, chronological	Roman Empire and its impact on Britain including: Julius Caesar's attempted i <b>nvasion</b> in 55-54 BC	The changing power of monarchs using case studies such as Anne, Elizabeth 1, Victoria, Elizabeth 2	A significant turning point in British history, World War 2 and its impact on civilian

			History Curriculu	m Progression		
Understa nding	Label with <i>past</i> , <i>present</i> , <i>older and</i> <i>newer</i> . Know and understand the history of these islands as a coherent, chronological narrative, from the <i>earliest times</i> to the <i>present day</i>	to national and international achievements Significant historical events, people and places in their own locality including Brunel , events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally [ events commemorated through festivals or anniversaries] Know and understand the history of these islands as a coherent, chronological narrative, from the earliest times to the present day: how people's lives have shaped this nation and how Britain has influenced and been <i>influenced</i> by the wider world	narrative, from the earliest times to the present day Knowledge of Neolithic <i>hunter-gatherers</i> and early farmers, for example, Skara Brae* Bronze Age religion, technology and travel, for example, Stonehenge Iron Age hill forts: tribal <i>kingdoms</i> , farming, art and culture,	<ul> <li>the Roman Empire by AD 42 and the power of its army</li> <li>successful invasion by Claudius and conquest, including Hadrian's Wall</li> <li>British resistance, for example, Boudica</li> <li>'Romanisation' of Britain: sites such as Caerwent and the impact of technology, culture and beliefs, including early Christianity</li> <li>Roman withdrawal from Britain in c. AD 410 and the fall of the western Roman Empire</li> <li>Scots invasions from Ireland to north Britain (now Scotland)</li> </ul>	Describe the main changes in a period of history. (using <i>terms such</i> <i>as social, political, religious,</i> <i>technological and cultural.</i> ) know and understand significant aspects of the history of the wider world: the nature of ancient civilisations; the expansion and dissolution of empires; characteristic features of past non-European societies; achievements and follies of mankind Anglo-Saxon invasions, <i>settlements</i> <i>and kingdoms</i> : place names and village life Anglo-Saxon art and culture Christian conversion – Canterbury, Iona and Lindisfarne Viking raids and invasion resistance by Alfred the Great and Athelstan, first king of England further Viking invasions and Danegeld Anglo-Saxon laws and justice Edward the Confessor and his death in 1066	populations in European countries - Use dates and terms accurately in describing events. Understand the concept of change and continuity over time, representing them with evidence on a timeline. Understand historical concepts such as <i>Cause and Change,</i> <i>Cause and Change,</i> <i>similarity, difference and</i> <i>significance,</i> and use them to make connections, draw contrasts, analyse trends, Understanding the connections between local, regional, national and international history; between <i>cultural,</i> <i>economic, military, political,</i> <i>religious and social history;</i> and between short- and long- term timescales. Georgian trade, social conditions, beliefs., leisure, crime, culture, and how they impacted the local area.

History	Curriculum Progression	n
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	source , cause consequence significant, influenced, timeline, chronology, engineer, achievement, transport, architecture	kingdom, pharoah, divine kingship, afterlife Polytheistic absolute ruler, civilisation, trade, empire, legacy, organised religion	philosophy, drama democracy, theatre	Civilisation, trade legacy, gods, sacred	
End Goals- Mileston es	<ul> <li>Chronology: Year 1 and 2</li> <li>Place events and artefacts in order on a timetable. Label timelines with words or phrases such as: past, present, older and newer.</li> <li>Recount changes that have occurred in their own lives. Use dates where appropriate.</li> <li>Interpretation:</li> <li>Observe or handle evidence to ask questions and find answers to questions about the past.</li> <li>Ask questions such as: What was it like for people?</li> <li>What happened? How long ago?</li> <li>Use artefacts, pictures, stories, online sources and databases to find out about the past.</li> <li>Identify some of the different ways the past has been represented.</li> <li>Communication:</li> <li>Use words and phrases such as: a long time ago, recently, when my parents/carers were children, years, decades and centuries to describe the passing of time.</li> <li>Show an understanding of the concept of nation and a nation's history.</li> <li>Show an understanding of concepts such as civilisation, monarchy, parliament, democracy, and war</li> </ul>	using dates. Understand the concept of of this, along with evidence, on Use dates and terms to desc Interpretation: Use evidence to ask question questions about the past. Suggest suitable sources of enquiries. Use more than one source of in order to gain a more accu Describe different accounts some of the reasons why the Suggest causes and consec events and changes in histor <u>Communication:</u> Use appropriate historical v	cribe events Ins and find answers to evidence for historical of evidence for historical enquiry rate understanding of history. of a historical event, explaining e accounts may differ. quences of some of the main ry ocabulary to communicate, od, era, change, chronology. computing skills to a good	Chronology: Year 5 and 6         Describe the main changes in a period of h social, religious, political, technological and Identify periods of rapid change in history a of relatively little change.         Understand the concepts of Cause and Ch representing them, along with evidence, on Use dates and terms accurately in describin Interpretation:         Use sources of evidence to deduce informat Select suitable sources of evidence, giving Use sources of information to form testable Seek out and analyse a wide range of evid claims.         Communication:         Use appropriate historical vocabulary to condates         time period         era         chronology         continuity         change         century         decade         legacy.         Use original ways to present information and	cultural). and contrast them with times hange over time, a timeline. ng events. ation about the past. reasons for choices. hypotheses about the past. lence in order to justify mmunicate, including:

they fitfitfit1714Threshold ConceptsExtinction of dinosaurs- 66 million years ago, or locitation of first humansFire of London, shortly after the great plague and before the Vietorian or afit4,500-3,500 BCE: Stone Age (Neolithic) period begins 2950 BC - 2575 BCE- Early461 BCE Peloponnesian wars begin betweenThe Mayan civilization ran from 2000BC until the arrival of the Spanish in C16th. 410 CE Last Romans leave Britain1714	ain events and where they fit 14-1830- Georgian Period 189-French revolution. 105-Battle of Waterloo 139- Britain declares war
Concepts       Extinction of dinosaurs- 66 million years ago, ovelution of first humans       Fire of London, shortly after the great plague and before the Victorian ora       (Neolithic) period begins 2950 BC - 2575 BCE- Early       begin between Sparta and Athens       until the arrival of the Spanish in C16th. 410 CE Last Romans leave Britain       1805 1939	05-Battle of Waterloo
Concepts     million years ago,     the great plague and before     2950 BC - 2575 BCE- Early     Sparta and Athens     410 CE Last Romans leave Britain     1939	
and avalution of first humans the Vistorian area	
Dynastic period in Egypt 1 356 BCE Alexander the Great is 1 450 CE German Saxons settle in Kent 1 1940	
	40- Blitz
Brunel, Nightingale, Seacole, given Egypt 789 CE Filst recorded Viking attack 1942	42- Raids on Bath
	45- War ends
Dinosaurs are extinct Victorian era ( link to Mary Roman Empire formalised	
/(U-5)UB = Iron Are	use and Change
are specific periods of developments in transport invasion attempt kingdoms Hitler	tler's invasion of Poland
time, including years, and industry 120 DCE. Fount becomes a	ompted declaration of war.
decades, centuries and control of the Deman	sistance to surrender at
generations. Empire Entry Cause and Change. Durk	inkirk and the Battle of Britain
Boudicca Many of the Anglo-Sakon settlers came and	d Blitz prevented
	vasion.Food shortages cause
Waty Attining finduc the (alise and hange) Dificult	tioning. Evacuation caused
most significant geological c. 480 – 550 CE Arrival of Anglo- into larger kingdoms. After King Alfred's separ	paration of families. Bath
Settlement	ombed in retaliation in the "
flammable, cramped housing, Saxons and Vikings coexisted. Baed	edeker raids" caused 417
Lingthe Manufactory (	eaths and damage to historic
Fossilised remains tell us inalitie get to.	ildings
about dinosaurs As a consequence of the First because they began to settle avaged their empire, for patural kingdoms (Northumbria, Marcia) Sattle Sat	
objects such as toys tell us World War all using man in the familie of them have	ttlements:
about the past and are had to is the amount Millions and the sources, to control center wesser, kent and Last Anglia)	e industrial revolution led
used by historians	ople to move from the country
Society was caused by Kohlan demands in honasteries, then they began to stay. To to	towns and cities
Women struggled to be       As a result of the Fire of       Egypt began as a fertile strip       for her land and ill treatment       King Alfred (the Great) defeated the         Vikings in Wessex       England then       Belie	
taken seriously in careers   London, changes made to   a flash blash the stress line	eliefs
such as science during the planning of London's streets with a wi	
Victorian era	overty was the fault of the poor.
agricultural society. Weaking were absolute ruleis. Autoistan was the	me considered Africans as
de abaselar sette and de abaselar sette au	athens.
incompany and a start of a start was related to a start of start o	lter's belief in the superiority of
Structure of Society. Cuzenship The reduct System established by	e Aryan race and wish for an
wai to the instante ages. Empirication of the instante ages.	npire caused WW2
Legacy Cause and Change influence, women and slaves King John's barons rebelled and forced	
Stone age to Iron Age had no say. Roman Britain Was nim to sign the Magna Carta Socie	
	eorgian period one of extremes
initialities change, unvertibly	wealth and poverty. Traders
advancements in technology Wighthing with the source in th	ofited from the slave trade,
aliu il particular, weapoili y	olished eventually. Charitable
diu tools.	stitutions set up to help poor.
- JULIELY-	ealth of middle classes grew,
Seacole delivered significant Stone age to Iron Age Divide dia cimple but The and of Queen Victoria's mismin by Testing in the and of Queen Victoria's mismin by Testing in the and of Queen Victoria's mismin by Testing in the additional dia cimple but The additional dia cimple	sorts like Bath popular for
medical support to the army, people formed social groups Root and the formed social groups and the form	sure.
in farming communities and information representation in the second seco	ass evacuation of children in
Evidence of what Brunel later in tribes living in Dower Society	W2 highlighted social issues of
achieved is still in use today. Udelensive settlements	werty. Every civilian was
His achievements changed	overty. Lvery civilian was

		mistory curriculu	IIIIIogression		
	transport and the landscape	During the Iron Age, people	The small tribes of Ancient	Saxon Kings were aided by Thanes, who	affected by war for the first time.
	forever.	lived in tribes and they were	Greece formed separate	took charge of villages. Mostpeople	Women worked in factories and
		often at war with each other.	kingdoms or city states. Wars	worked for the Thane who in return	on the land. Rationing for all
	Evidence and artefacts	Egyptian society was a	between city states weakened	protected them from invaders.	citizens. Civilian population used
		pyramid structure, with	their power. Alexander the	Extensive laws helped Thanes to control	air raid shelters, observed
	Eyewitness written accounts	pharaohs at the top.	Great built an empire including	villages, and each had a court system.	blackouts .All were expected to
	tell us about the fire of	pharaons at the top.	Greece, and Egypt. After his		contribute to the war effort.
	London		death, the empire faltered and	At the time of the Magna Carta, society	contribute to the war chort.
	Propaganda posters show us	Power	was conquered by Rome.	was feudal . Barons and knights were	Affluence grew in Georgian era
	attitudes to the war	Pharaoh <b>s</b> were absolute rulers	The concept of democracy "rule	rewarded with land by kings and paid	and consequently travel and
	attitudes to the war	with unquestioned powers. A		, , ,	
	First hand ( primary) written	strict social order with	of the people" was born in	taxes.	leisure. Novels, dancing theatre
	sources tell us about	nobles, priests and tax	Ancient Greece. The general	The structure of society resulted in the	were popular. Clubs and societies
	Nightingale, Seacole and	collectors to help govern	assembly open to all male	formation of the House of Commons	became popular.
	Brunel. Photographs and	concercere to melp Borenn	citizens over 18.	and House of Lords	
	portraits show us what they	Beliefs			Power
	looked like,	The pyramids were tombs and	Rome was a republic, ruled by	At the time of Henry 8 <sup>th</sup> ' reign, male	Sir Robert Walpole- Britain's first
		monuments to the cult of	the Senate, a group of senators	heirs had superior rights to female.	prime minister
	Society	death and afterlife.	important families. After	Women were not considered worthy	Only men with land were able to
			invasion of Britain, it took time	leaders	vote. Wealth and influence grew
	As a result of the fire of	Barrows and burial mounds	for Romans to establish control		with empire
	London, a huge refugee and	also became increasingly	due to the British tribes'	At the top of the Mayan society was the	
	homelessness crisis	prevalent in the Bronze Age.	resistance . Tribes of Wales	king and royal family who were believed	Hilter's wish to expand the
	developed. There was a		proved difficult to defeat by	to be closely linked to the gods. An	German Reich resulted in the
	national fundraising scheme	Evidence	Romans. Boudicca led the Iceni	educated elite of scribes, priests and	annexation of Czechoslovakia and
	set up to help them	from Stone Age and Bronze	tribe to rebellion in AD60 The	nobles formed the ruling class.	Poland and invasion of Europe
	Waman taak an naw ralas	Age life is in the form of	superior battle discipline of the	0	and Russia. The British empire
	Women took on new roles	sites, objects such as grave	Roman army won out.	Mayan society was formed by a number	resisted and was supported by
	during WW1, working on	goods and weapons	Rebellions continued in the	of city states each with their own ruler.	the US. After WW", the British
	farms and munitions factories	Hieroglyphics help us	north, prompting the building of		empire disbanded.
	Middle class Victorian women	understand how people lived	Hadrian's wall. British nobles	The Mayans were excellent	
	like Nightingale were not	in Ancient Egypt and their	were eventually trained to rule	mathematicians and astronomers. They	Evidence:
	expected to work. Many	beliefs. The Rosetta Stone	their tribes in the Roman way.	used this expertise to make calendars.	Evidence.
	Jamaican women were	helped us to understand	The building of roads helped to	used this expertise to make calendars.	Novels from the Georgian era,
	slaves, black people faced	them. Tombs contain	quash rebellions quicky	Evidence and artefacts	written records, Hogarth
	discrimination.	evidence about beliefs and	quash rebellions quicky	Place names provide lasting evidence of	illustrations.
	discrimination.	culture	Settlements : Towns appeared	Saxon settlement. The treasures of the	inustrations.
	Transport was much slower	culture			Covernment propaganda from
	before Brunel's railways.	Civilization:	for the first time in Roman	Sutton Hoo provide insight into Saxon	Government propaganda from
	People began to take		Britain, although most lived in	society, as well as the "Anglo Saxon	WW2, letters, diaries, films and
	holidays at the seaside using	Scribes recorded history using	the city. Towns had forum,	Chronicle"	radio clips. Conflicting accounts
	the railways.	hieroglyphics Doctors	viaducts, baths and straight		of the impact of evacuation
	,	learned about the human	roads.	Beliefs:	_
	Legacy :	body Ancient Egyptians		Christianity spread widely during Saxon	Legacy
	After the fire, streets were	developed a 365 day	Beliefs	rule, monasteries were established by	Modern mass-production from
		calendar, and a system of	The Ancient Greeks and	missionaries from Rome When they first	the industrial revolution.
	safer as made of stone and	government .	Romans believed that all the	arrived, most Vikings followed pagan	Georgian neoclassical
	brick. St Pauls was rebuilt and	0	gods of earth and sky. They	religions, but soon converted to	architecture, novels, tourist
	improved.	Legacy	thought had human strengths	Christianity as they became settled in	industry in Bath.
	Britain built cenotaph and war	Irrigation, religion with belief	and weaknesses and each	England.	WW2 legacy, social equality,
	memorials after WW1 to	in the afterlife, religion and	responsible for different things.		dissolution of empire. rebuilding
					of cities.

			History Curriculu	III FIOglessioli		
		remember the war dead, still visited today Florence Nightingale revolutionised nursing established the first professional training school for nurses Brunel changed travel and transport so that people could travel further, faster and more comfortably.	writing are legacies of Ancient Egypt	Romans worshiped gods at temples Christians met in secret and used secret signs such as the Chi-Ro. Christianity was eventually legalised and became the official religion of the Roman empire. <b>Civilisation</b> The Greeks invented the concept of theatre, and the Olympic games between states. Athenians practiced reasoned debate and argument called philosophy. Art reflected gods in their glory, such as statues at the Parthenon. They told stories about their gods called myths. The democratic form of government, also forms the lasting legacy of the Ancient Greeks. <b>Legacy</b> of the Romans in Britain Roads, language, towns, place names <b>Evidence</b> Evidence in buildings and place names, objects statues, early writing.	At the time of the Tudors and Charles 1, monarchs and their subjects believed in the Divine Right of kings. Elizabeth 1 found compromises between Catholic and protestant beliefs Some currently believe that In a democratic society head of state should be elected. Mayan religion was bloodthirsty, demanding human sacrifices and bloodletting rituals. <b>Legacy</b> The origins of the English language and place names were developed by the invasions of both the Saxons and the Vikings. Christianty, churches and monasteries were widely established by the Saxons. The Vikings also were responsible for the world's oldest parliament . The Magna Carta was a step towards establishing democracy. Reformation established England's own church. The Civil War led to greater power to parliament and eventual move to a constitutional monarchy.	
POP tasks	What do fossils tell us about the past? Timeline of their family How were homes and/ or jobs in Radstock different in the past to today?	Which of the Victorians we have studied was the most significant? And why ? Why do we remember World War 1? Why did the fire of London spread so quickly? How and why did life change after the fire?	When was it better to live, in the Stone Age, Bronze or Iron Age, and why?" Which age was the most significant? What can the contents of the tomb of Tutankhamun tell us about Egyptian beliefs?	Why are the accounts of Boudicca's actions different? What did she achieve and what do you believe? What was the most important legacy of Ancient Greece and why?	Write to explain whether the Vikings were raiders or settlers in Britain. Explain changes over time. How has the power of the monarchy changed over time? What was the most significant change? Maya are a Stone Age society – how similar and how different are they to Stone Age Britain	How did the Georgians change Bath and Bristol? What is their legacy today in our area? What was it like to be an evacuee/ child in WW2 Britain? How do we know, what sources help us to know?

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