



## Writing Progression in Mastery: EYFS to KS1



ELG	3-and 4- year-olds	Children in reception	NC focus	Year 1	Year 2
Writing	Use some of their print and letter knowledge in their early writing	Spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with letters	Grammar - Word	<ul> <li>Use plural noun suffixes - s and -es</li> <li>Add suffixes to verbs where no change is needed to the root</li> <li>Change the meaning of verbs and adjectives by adding prefix un-</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Form nouns using suffixes such as -ness, - er and by compounding [for example, whiteboard, superman]</li> <li>Form adjectives using suffixes such as -ful, - less (A fuller list of suffixes can be found on page 46 in the year 2 spelling section in English Appendix 1)</li> <li>Use the suffixes -er, -est in adjectives and use -ly in Standard English to turn adjectives into adverbs</li> </ul>
Communication and Language		<ul> <li>Use new vocabulary in different contexts (communication and language)</li> <li>Describe events in some detail (communication and language)</li> </ul>	Grammar - Sentence Cohesion: Detail		Write expanded noun phrases for description and specification [for example, the blue butterfly, plain flour, the man in the moon]



Writing  Communication and Language	Write some or all of their name	Connect one idea or action to another using a range of connectives (Communication and language)	Grammar - sentence Cohesion: Varying sentence types	<ul> <li>Combine words to make sentences</li> <li>Leave spaces between words</li> <li>Join words and clauses using and</li> <li>Sequence sentences to form short narratives</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use subordination (using when, if, that, because) and co-ordination (using or, and, but)</li> <li>Write sentences with different forms:</li> <li>Statement, question, exclamation or command</li> </ul>
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	3-and 4- year-olds	Children in reception	NC focus	Year 1	Year 2
Communication and Language	Develop their communication of irregular tenses and plurals (communication and language)		Grammar Cohesion: Tenses		Use present and past tenses correctly and consistently  Use the progressive form of verbs in the present and past tense to mark actions in progress [for example, she is drumming, he was shouting]
Writing		Write short sentences with words with known sound-letter correspondences using a capital letter and full stop	Grammar - Punctuation	Use a capital letter for names of people, places, the days of the week, and the personal pronoun 'I'  Punctuate sentences using a capital letter and a full stop, question mark or exclamation mark	Use capital letters, full stops, question marks and exclamation marks to demarcate sentences  Use commas to separate items in a list  Use apostrophes to mark where letters are missing in spelling and to mark singular possession in nouns [for example, the girl's name]



## **Writing Composition**

3- and 4- year-olds	Children in reception	Year 1	Year 2
Use some of their print and letter knowledge in their early writing  Know many rhymes, be able to talk about familiar books, and be able to tell a long story Understand 'why' questions (communication and language)	Re-read what they have written to check that it makes sense  Form lower-case and capital letters correctly  Retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text; some as exact repetition and some in their own words (communication and language)  Articulate their ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences (communication and language)	Write sentences: Say out loud what is going to be written about  Compose a sentence orally before writing it  Sequence sentences to form short narratives  Re-read and check sense  Discuss what has been written with the teacher or other pupils  Read writing aloud clearly enough to be heard by peers and the teacher	Develop positive attitudes towards and stamina for writing: Write narratives about personal experiences and those of others (real and fictional) Write about real events Write poetry Write for different purposes Plan or say out loud what is going to be written about Write down ideas, key words, new vocabulary Encapsulate what is to be written, sentence by sentence  Make simple additions, revisions and corrections: Evaluate writing with the teacher and other pupils Re-read to check sense Proof-read to check for errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation Read aloud with intonation