HIGH LITTLETON CHURCH OF ENGLAND PRIMARY SCHOOL COMPUTING MEDIUM TERM PLAN TERM 1 2025-2026

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7
Hedgehog (Y1)	Technology in our classroom To locate examples of technology in the classroom and be able to explain how these technology examples help us.	Using technology To switch on and log into a computer and be able to use a mouse to click and drag.	Developing mouse skills To use a mouse to open a program, click and drag to make objects on a screen and use a mouse to create a picture.	Using a computer keyboard To type their name on a computer and save their work to a file.	Developing keyboard skills To open their work from a file, use the arrow keys to move the cursor and delete letters.	Using a computer responsibly To identify rules to keep safe and healthy when using technology and give examples of some of these rules.	POP task
Fox (Y2)	What is IT? Describe some uses of computers and identify that a computer is a part of IT.	IT in school Identify that some IT can be used in more than one way.	IT in the world Talk about uses of information technology.	The benefits of IT Demonstrate how IT devices work together.	Using IT safely Talk about different rules for using IT and say how rules can help keep them safe.	Using IT in different ways Use IT for different types of activities.	POP task
Badger (Y3)	How does a digital device work? Explain that digital devices accept inputs and produce outputs.	What parts make up a digital device? Classify input and output devices and describe a simple process.	How do digital devices help us? Recognise similarities between using digital devices and non-digital tools.	How am I connected? Explain how messages are passed through multiple connections and discuss why we need a network switch.	How are computers connected? Explain the role of a switch, server, and wireless access point in a network.	What does our school network look like? Identify how devices in a network are connected and identify benefits of computer networks.	POP task

Otter (Y4)	Connecting networks Describe the internet as a network of networks, demonstrate how information is shared across the internet and discuss why a network needs protecting.	What is the internet made of? Explain that the internet is used to provide many services and recognise that the World Wide Web contains websites and web pages.	Sharing information Describe where websites are stored when uploaded and describe how to access websites on the WWW.	What is a website? Recognise that they can add content to the WWW and explain that internet services can be used to create content online.	Who owns the web? Explain that websites and their content are created by people and explain that there are rules to protect content.	Can I believe what I read? Explain that not everything on the World Wide Web is true and why they need to think carefully before they share or reshare content.	POP task
Robin (Y5)	Systems Learners are introduced to the concept of a system. They begin to understand that components can work together to perform a task. Finally, learners explore how digital systems can work and learn about physical and electronic connections.	Computer systems and us Learners consider how larger computer systems work. They see how devices and processes are connected, and reflect on how computer systems help them.	Searching the web Learners are introduced to a range of search engines. They are given the opportunity to explain how to search, before they write and test instructions. Next, they learn that searches do not always return the results that someone is looking for, and refine their searches accordingly. Finally, learners are introduced to the two most common methods of searching: using a search engine and using the address bar.	Selecting search results Learners gain an understanding of why search engines are necessary to help them find things on the World Wide Web. They conduct their own searches and break down, in detail, the steps needed to find things on the web. Learners then emulate web crawlers to create an index of their own classroom. Finally, they consider why some searches return more results than others.	How search results are ranked Learners take part in an unplugged activity to find out about how a webpage's content can influence where it is ranked in search results. In groups, learners create paper-based webpages on a topic that they are familiar with. They then discover how their webpages would rank when searching for keywords relating to their content.	How are searches influenced? Learners explore how someone performing a web search can influence the results that are returned, and how content creators can optimise their sites for searching. They also explore some of the limitations of searching and discuss what cannot be searched.	POP task

Deer	Internet addresses Learners explore what	Data packets Learners are	Working together Learners consider	Shared working Learners are	How we communicate	Communicating responsibly	POP tas
(Y6)	is necessary for	introduced to the	how people can	introduced to	Learners deepen	Learners use	
	effective	concept of packets.	work together	another approach	their	information	
	communication and	They complete an	when they are not	to online working:	understanding of	provided in the	
	the importance of	activity based on	in the same	reusing and	the term	lesson and their	
	agreed protocols. They	transferring an	location. They	modifying work	'communication'.	own prior	
	apply this	image across the	discuss ways of	done by someone	They explore	knowledge to	
	understanding to IP	internet, to see that	working and	else. (Note: Using	different methods	categorise	
	addresses and the	as well as messages	complete a	someone else's	of communication,	different forms of	
	rules (protocols) that	(text), other types of	collaborative	work needs to be	before they	internet	
	computers have for	data (images, video,	online project.	within the bounds	consider	communication.	
	communicating with	and audio) are also	The online activity	of copyright and	internet-based	They then	
	one another. Learners	transferred over the	assumes that	with the relevant	communication in	choose which	
	also use a Domain	internet. They gain	learners can make	permissions.) This	more detail.	method(s) they	
	Name Server (DNS) to	an understanding of	simple slides,	lesson involves	Finally, learners	would use for	
	translate web	the key parts of a	including text and	the Scratch	evaluate which	the scenarios	
	addresses into IP	packet: the header	images. If your	programming tool,	methods of	discussed in the	
	addresses.	and the data	learners are	which allows	communication	previous lesson.	
		payload.	unsure how to do	learners to use	suit particular	Through these	
		. ,	this, you may wish	other people's	purposes.	activities,	
			to spend some	work.	' '	learners explore	
			time on the Year 3			issues around	
			– 'Desktop			privacy and	
			publishing' unit			information	
			before this lesson.			security.	